



# **THE FEDERATION OF WOMEN ASSOCIATIONS OF TURKIYE (TKDF)**

## **DOMESTIC VIOLENCE EMERGENCY HOTLINE DECEMBER 2022 DATA AND ANALYSIS REPORT**

GELEN ÇAĞRI

87.268

ARALIK 2022

## EV İÇİ ŞİDDET ACİL YARDIM HATTI

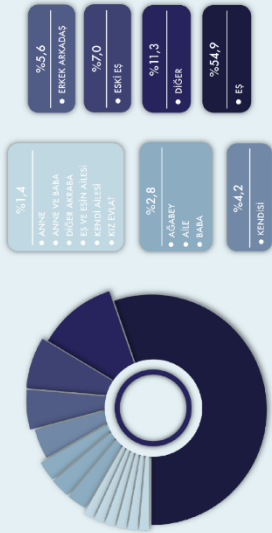
45.282 EV İÇİ ŞİDDET

3.648 ACİL YAKA

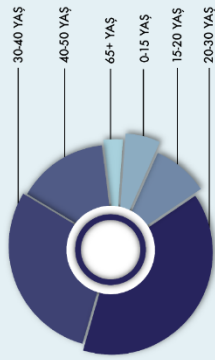
15.10.2007 - 01.01.2023

2007'DEN GÜNÜMÜZE  
TÜM İLLERDEN VE 30 FARKLI ÜLKEDEN  
ARAMA GELMİŞTİR.

### SALDIRGAN DAĞILIMI



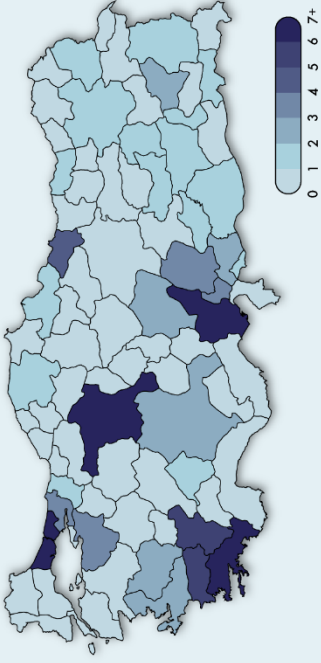
### MAĞDURLARIN YAŞ DAĞILIMI



### MAĞDURLARIN CİNSİYET DAĞILIMI

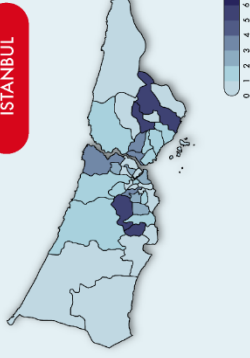


### ACİL YARDIM HATTINA GELEN ARAMALARIN TÜRKİYE GENELİ DAĞILIMI

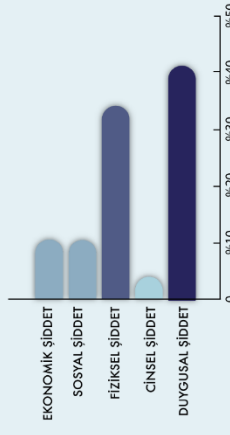


• İSTANBUL — 66  
• ANKARA — 26  
• İZMİR — 2  
YURT DIŞI ARAMALARI  
• İTALYA

### İSTANBUL



### ŞİDDET TÜRLERİ DAĞILIMI



GELEN ÇAĞRI

492

112 KAYIT AÇILAN VAKA

76 EV İÇİ ŞİDDET

49 EŞ ŞİDDETİ

24 Sığınma Evİ Talebİ

5 ACİL VAKA

01.12.2022 - 01.01.2023

Bu yayın, Etkiniz AB Programı kapsamında Avrupa Birliği finansal desteği ile üretilmiştir. Bu yayının içeriğinden yalnızca Türkiye Kadın Dernekleri Federasyonu sorumludur ve hiçbir şekilde Avrupa Birliği'nin görüşlerini yansıtmamaktadır.

## **Domestic Violence Hotline December 2022 Data and Analysis Report**

The Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline, managed by the Federation of Women Associations of Türkiye (TKDF), received a total of **492** calls between 1-31 December. 66 of these calls came from Istanbul. Ankara and Adana followed Istanbul with 26 and 10 calls respectively. Apart from these provinces, calls were received from 31 different provinces. These provinces are listed as follows: Adıyaman:1, Antalya:9, Aydın:5, Bingöl:1 Bitlis:2, Bursa:3, Denizli:5, Diyarbakır:1, Elazığ:1, Erzurum:1, Gaziantep:2, Isparta: 1, İzmir:2 Kars:1, Kastamonu:1, Kayseri:2, Kocaeli:3, Konya:2, Manisa:2, Kahramanmaraş:3, Muğla:6, Ordu:4, Sakarya:1, Samsun:1, Şanlıurfa :1, Siirt:1, Trabzon:1, Van:1, Batman:1, Kilis:1, Osmaniye:3.

The distribution of the calls by districts in the province of Istanbul, where the highest number of calls came, was as follows: Ataşehir:1, Beykoz:1, Kadıköy:1, Kartal:1, Maltepe:1, Pendik:8, Sancaktepe:9, Ümraniye:3 Üsküdar:3, Arnavutköy:1, Avcılar:1, Bağcılar:2, Bahçelievler:1, Başakşehir:6, Esenler:3, Esenyurt:8, Eyüp:1, Fatih:2, Küçükçekmece:2, Sarıyer:3, Sultangazi:1, Şişli: 2. The distribution of the calls between cities and districts shows that, regardless of the development level of the cities and their socioeconomic status, calls reporting violence were received from different cities and districts.

Since 15 October 2007, the total number of calls to the domestic violence hotline has been **87,268**. Among these calls, reports from all provinces of Türkiye, together with many countries (Germany, France, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Netherlands, Australia, America, Syria, Switzerland, Iran, Tunisia, England, Sweden, Romania, Libya, Japan, Ukraine, Georgia, Kenya, Canada, Kazakhstan, Greece, China, United Arab Emirates, Iraq and Cyprus) were received. In December 2022, the Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline received one call from Italy.

In December, 76 cases reported to the Domestic Violence Hotline are domestic violence reports. 49 of these reports are intimate partner violence reports. 24 callers sought shelter. There were 5 cases that required urgent intervention. Legal counsel was provided to 73 calls. 47 calls were directed to the law enforcement and 19 calls to bar associations. The ages of the survivors mentioned in the reports of violence in December ranged from 2-65.

Calls show that the majority of survivors of domestic violence are women (91.5%). This rate is followed by girls and boys with 3.2%.

Majority of the reported violence reports are cases of psychological and physical violence (40.63% of psychological violence; 33.59% of physical violence). Apart from these types of violence, 10.94% of the calls were social violence, 3.91% were sexual violence and 10.94% were calls reporting economic violence. It should be noted here that although it is easy to conceptually distinguish between the types of violence when analyzing, this is not so easy in real life. In most cases, many types of violence can take place together, but one or two of them stand out from the other because of their profound effects on the survivor and are voiced by them. At the same time, forms of violence other than physical violence may not be known to the survivors. In addition, even if different types of violence are known, reporting may not be considered as urgent and serious enough to seek help in that regard.

Calls to the emergency hotline show that women are most subjected to violence by the men in their close circles. Calls show that violence is perpetrated by the spouses and other family members with whom women share their lives in the home, which we assume is the safest space. Spouses constitute the largest group among aggressors with 54.9%. Spouses are followed by other family members with 11.3%. Generally, family, father, elder brother, sister, daughters and sons are stated as perpetrators of violence by survivors or reporters. Men inflict violence on women even after their relationships end. 7% of the attackers were ex-spouses in the month of December 2022.