



TÜRKİYE
KADIN DERNEKLERİ
FEDERASYONU



THE FEDERATION OF WOMEN ASSOCIATIONS OF TURKIYE (TKDF)

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE EMERGENCY HOTLINE OCTOBER 2023 DATA AND ANALYSIS REPORT



GELEN ÇAĞRI
91.580

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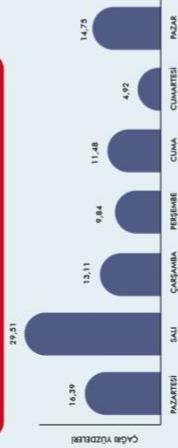
45.921 EV İÇİ ŞİDDET

3.691 ACIL YAKA

15.10.2007 - 01.11.2023

2007'DEN GÜNÜMÜZE
TÜM İLLERDEN VE 30 FARKLI ÜLKE DEN ARAMA
GELMİŞTİR.

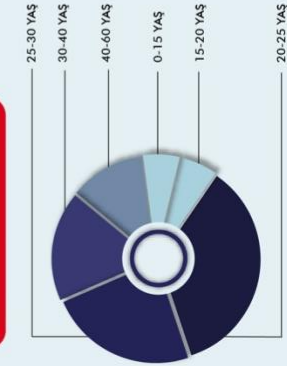
ARAMA YOĞUNLUKLARINA GÖRE GÜN DAĞILIMI



ARAMA YOĞUNLUKLARINA GÖRE SAAT DAĞILIMI



MAĞDURLARIN YAŞ DAĞILIMI



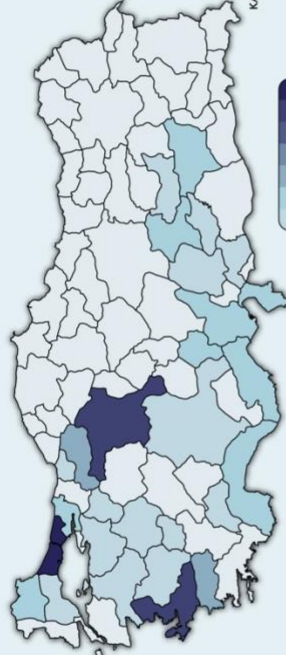
SALDIRGAN DAĞILIMI



EKİM 2023

EV İÇİ ŞİDDET ACIL YARDIM HATTI

ACIL YARDIM HATTINA GELEN ARAMALARIN TÜRKİYE GENELİ DAĞILIMI



- İSTANBUL - 36
- İZMİR - 11
- ANKARA - 10
- BOLU - 5
- AYDIN - 5
- ANTALYA - 3

AFET BÖLGELERİNDEN GELEN ARAMALAR

- MALATYA - 3
- HATAY - 2
- ADANA - 2
- DIYARBAKIR - 2
- GAZİANTEP - 1
- ADYAMAN - 1
- KAHRAMANMARAŞ - 1

GELEN ÇAĞRI

371

72 KAVIT AÇILAN YAKA

53 EV İÇİ ŞİDDET

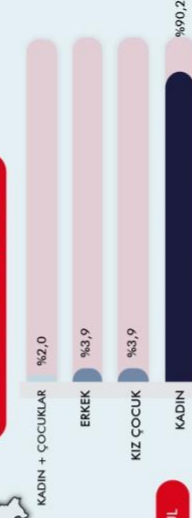
36 EŞ ŞİDDETİ

9 SİGİNMA EVİ TALEBİ

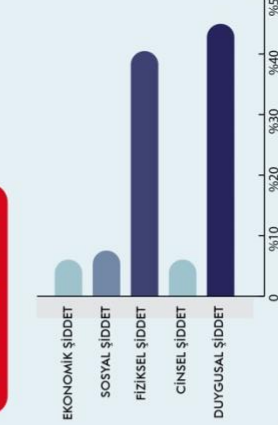
3 ACIL YAKA

01.10.2023 - 01.11.2023

MAĞDURLARIN CİNSİYET DAĞILIMI



ŞİDDET TÜRLERİ DAĞILIMI



Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline October 2023 Data and Analysis Report

The Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline, operated by the Federation of Women Associations of Turkiye (TKDF), received a total of **371** calls between 1-31 October 2023. **36** of these calls came from Istanbul. Istanbul was then followed by İzmir with **11** and Ankara with **10** reports. Along with these provinces, calls were received from **28** provinces in total. These provinces are listed as follows: Adana:2, Adıyaman:1, Ankara:10, Antalya:3, Aydın:5, Balıkesir:1, Bilecik:1, Bolu:5, Burdur:2, Bursa:1, Diyarbakır:2, Elâzığ:1, Gaziantep:1, Hatay:2, İstanbul:36, İzmir:11, Kahramanmaraş:1, Kırklareli:2, Kocaeli:3, Konya:1, Kütahya:1, Malatya:3, Manisa:1, Mersin:2, Niğde:2, Tekirdağ:1, Uşak:1, Düzce:1.

The distribution of the calls according to the districts in the province of Istanbul, where the most calls came from, was as follows: Çekmeköy:1, Kadıköy:2, Sultanbeyli:1, Ümraniye:2, Üsküdar:1, Bahçelievler:4, Bakırköy:1, Beşiktaş:1, Beylikdüzü:1, Beyoğlu:3, Büyükdere:1, Esenler:5, Esenyurt:3, Eyüp:1, Gaziosmanpaşa:2, Kağıthane:1, Sultangazi:2, Şişli:1. The distribution of the calls between cities and districts shows that, regardless of the development level of the cities and their socioeconomic statuses, gender based violence reports came from different cities and districts.

Since 15 October 2007, the total number of calls to the Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline has been **91.580**. In these calls, reports from all provinces of Turkiye and from many countries were received (Germany, France, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Netherlands, Australia, United States of America, Syria, Switzerland, Iran, Tunisia, England, Sweden, Romania, Libya, Japan), Ukraine, Georgia, Kenya, Canada, Kazakhstan, Greece, China, United Arab Emirates, Iraq, and Cyprus).

Of the **72** cases of newly reported violence cases that were reported to the Domestic Violence Emergency Hotline in October 2023, **53** were domestic violence reports. **36** of these violence reports are intimate partner violence reports. **9** callers sought shelter. There were **3** cases that required urgent intervention. Legal counseling was provided to **52** callers. **24** calls were

directed to the law enforcement and **11** calls to bar associations. The ages of those who were subjected to violence in October 2023 ranged from **2-56**.

Calls show that most of the survivors of domestic violence are women (**90,2%**). This rate is followed by girls with **3,9%**.

Majority of the reported violence cases are cases of psychological and physical violence (psychological violence **42,86%**; physical violence **38,57%**). Apart from these types of violence, **7,14%** of the calls were social violence, **5,72%** were sexual violence and **5,71%** were those that reported economic violence. It should be noted here that although it is easy to conceptually distinguish between the types of violence when analyzing, this is not so easy in real life. In most cases, many types of violence can take place together, but one or two of them stand out from the other because of their profound effects on the survivor and are voiced by them. At the same time, forms of violence other than physical violence may not be known to the survivors. In addition, even if different types of violence are known, reporting may not be considered as urgent and serious enough to seek help in that regard.

Calls also show that women are most exposed to violence by the men in their close circles. Statistics reflect in this manner that violence is perpetrated by the spouses and other family members with whom women share their lives in the home, which we assume is the safest space. Spouses constitute the largest group among aggressors with **51,2%**. Spouses are then followed by men the survivors have divorced with **9,3%**. In general, mothers, fathers, (older/younger) brothers, sisters, daughters, and sons in the family are stated as perpetrators of violence by survivors or those who report it.